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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
CFFICE OF NATIONAL ESTIMATES

(242)

11 February 1961

MEMORANDUM FOR THE UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE FOARD

SUDJECT: Probable International Reactions to Certain Possible US Courses of Action Against the Castro Regime

The attached Memorandum for the Director is forwarded for your information.

CHESTER L. COOPER CELL Deputy Assistant Director National Estimates

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: Frebable Intermetional Reactions to Curtain Fuscible US Courses of Action ngainst the Costro Regime

Intro uction

1. The surpose of this menorandum is to assess the principal international reactions to various ty, as of action the US might take to bring down the Costro government in Cuba -- especially the nature and magnitude of possible Bloc counternives and the assimility of serious adverse reactions on the part of Lotin American countries or others in the Free Worl'. The possible actions here considered are: (a) provision of active support, of varying degrees of anguitude and overtness, to an attempt by Cuban opposition elements, internal or in exile, to overthrow Costra; (b) military invasion of Cuba with US forces; or (c) establishment of a navel blocks's of Cube in international Waters.

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P. We must emphasize that actual international reactions of right be greatly influenced by circumstances which cannot be accurately forescen — by the precise nature of the US action; by the manner, agent, and nuccess with which it was carried out; by the extent to which draptic US action might appear to be justified by mosaible and Cubon provocations; or by resulting factories. However, we believe that some valid generalizations can be made on the basis of the situation as it has developed so for and of the nature of the possible US actions considered.

Sino-Soviet Blue Reactions

3. Bloc leaders from the start have recognized the value of a revolutionary, ;ro-Communist Cuba as a source of infitation an' enborrossecut to the US, so on example for revolutionary covenents elsewher in the hemisphere, and as a center for Communist as well as Cuban agitation and propagania throughout Latia America. The Bloc has provided Costru with extensive political, economic, and military support.

b. Morever, the Cuban example has assumed increasing prominence in Cummaist assessments of the worll situation. Cuba is being depicted as a prine example of the thesis that colonial

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regimes are inevitably together under the impact of revolutionary notionalism, and that blue strength can prevent the inpuriodate from intervening to reverse this process. In the Bloo's view the Costro regime is further along toward the next stage — the elvent of Commist power — than any other Free World country. While core recent Deviet pronouncement have tended to minimize specific cilitary exemiteents to Cubo as well as Khrusbehev's implied threat of last surger that Cube was under the protection of Seviet missiles, the Seviets have if anything reinforced their political alignment with the Costro regime.

5. For these resears, the Bloe would regard Costro's downfall as a substantial political defeat and would respond vigorously to any major US nove -- overt or covert and whether or not supported by others -- to bring it about. Its efforts would probably be directed primarily at heading off the American threat to Cuba by political means, utilizing in the process all opportunities to arruse sympthy for Cuba as a victim of calcomportunities to arruse sympthy for Cuba as a victim of calcomportunities. To this end, it would probably stimulate and supportunities. To this end, it would probably stimulate and supportunities of Lotin America and elsewhere. It would probably demand action by the UN to consure the US on! preserve Castro, most likely through

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strong resolutions calling on the US to desist but possibly also through establishment of some sort of UK presonce in Cuba. The USSR would firmly oppose any US move to establish a blockode and would use all diplomatic and legal means at its disposal to deny it international acceptance.

6. In the event of a prolonged military struggle between Castro and US-backed opposition forces, the Dice would almost certainly seek to continue or even to dicrease its military and to the Castro regime. However, we believe that the bloc would awould a direct military confrontation with US forces. The Communist loaders almost certainly recognize that they have little or no capability to counter US military power in the Ouban area and that US sensitivity regarding Ouba is very great. Certainly they would not wish to risk general war over this issue. Although the Sowiets would probably seek to test a US blockade, for

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excuple, they would all out certainly do so with a perchant vessel, erhals annumeing that it was leaded with foodstuffs and other a nameer requirements, rather than with a warahi.

7. Even if the US succeeded in bringing Costro down, Electers [r.bobly believe that they could offset this defect to see extent by degicting Costro as a mortry to American invertables, which is known to be a mortry to American invertables, which is known to be a more and investment of the US. The Bloc leaders would ir bobly also feel themselves impelled to increase pressures closwhere in order to restore the imper of Cormunist advance. A decision about what to do would degend on many factors, such on the local circumstances at whatever sjot was under consideration and their agentical of the new political cituation created by the US action, including any reassessment of US willingwas to resist Bloc nows electorer.

6. Especially if the US action were obvious or acknowledged, Kurushchev would be under pressure especially from Communist China to give up his present conciliatory line only to shift to a core militant policy. The accomplere would make it difficult, for a time of least, to hold any US-Saviet discussions looking toward on ingrovement of relations.

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Lotin American Reportions

9. Contro's stature in Latin America has markelly declined over the last year, although he still cormands a good deal of cyttathy among lawer income groups of the area. His dictatorial methods, his political moddling in other countries, and his close collaboration with world corrunted have progressively aliennted rany who initially felt that Castro was bringing a long needel social revolution to Cuba. Official opinion, at least privately, has generally crystallized against Costro, and the earlier tendency of many secretly to oppland his Yankee-baiting has submided. The unjerity of Latin American governments apparently felt that the US economic entergo was justified and virtually all have at least ; rivately syntathized with the US decision to break ditloentic relations. Feru and five lesser countries -- among then the authorizarian regimes -- have also broken or sustended diffomatic ties with Cube, and f.ur others have with rown their aubassadors from Havana.

10. Must Latin American lenders still are reluctant to take a jublic stand against Costro for fear of stirring up the vociferrus and scretizes strategically laced minority of pro-Cornsnists and other leftists who look to Castro as a symbol of their

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own revolutionary on, irminon. Moreover, these leaders therselves continue to be influenced by traditional fears of US designation of the herisphere. One or two Latin American governments (e.g., Ecuador and perhaps Mexico) are still inclined to work for a responsible settlement between the US and Costro. The stand of Frankl's new president is uncertain. Thus, we see little liteliahead an matters now stand that the GAS can be induced to participate in or officially conction anti-Costro measures of the drastic mature considered in this Denormalum. However, many Latin American leaders probably expect that the US by itself will sooner or later feel coupelled to take increasingly strong measures against Costro. Indeed, some sectors of Latin American opinion already criticize the US for not dealing sufficiently forcefully with the Cuban regime.

11. Despite the likelihord of outcries from the for left, that Lotte American poverments would at least privately approve of unobtrusive US suggest for an expection nove against Costro which they believed likely to win brood popular augost in Cube. Perhaps a few governments such as those in Venezuela and Colombia would be more inclined to approve if they had been consulted by the US in advance. Sice, indeed, would probably be willing to

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provide covert assistance of their own for such a move, particularly if they were assured that the US would participate in efforts to overthrow the Trujillo dictatorship in the Dominican Republic. This last issue is critical to Venezuelan President Pestanocurt, whose moderate leftist government is widely respected in the herisphere. If Netanocurt supported new US moves against Gastro in return for US commitments reparding Trujillo, a number of other Latin American governments probably would fall in line.

12. Willingness to go along would be greatly weakened if the US role were such as to suggest that the US was imposing a new regime rather than assisting the Gubans themselves to settle their com destinies. Direct participation of US combat forces in overthrowing Castro within Guba itself would cause a bitter reaction throughout the hemisphere, reflected in strong opposition in the GAS and UN. These reactions would be especially deep and lasting if it appeared that the US was attempting to install another reactionary Ustista-type regime in Guba; in the long run, the reactions would be supported by an representative of the Guban people.

13. The Latin American reaction would also be adverse if the US established a blockade of Cuba in international waters, though it would probably be less intense than in the case of

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US combat operations within Cubs. At least in the absence of new and persuasive Cuban provocations, most Latin American countries would condamn a blockade unless it were in support of an armed insurrection within Cuba of which they otherwise approved.

Reactions Elsewhere in the Free World

the other Free World nations have for the most part not been deeply involved with the Cuban issue. The Western Europeans have preferred to let the US handle Guba as it sees fit, and the Afro-Arians have taken little note of Cube, which is far from their sphere of interest. However, drastic US actions (and Soviet counteractions) might create strong opposition by stimulating fears of general war and by creating (especially for the Afro-Asians) an impression of rempant colonialium.

15. The reaction would be minimal in the case of unobtrusive US support for an op osition attempt against Castro. This might produce a good deal of cynicism throughout the world about the US role, but if quickly successful little other lasting reaction. However, an operation in which US participation was marked, or one which resulted in prolonged and inconclusive fighting, would probably generate widespread pressure for moves to internationalise and control the structure.

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14. Actual US will tary intervention in Cube would about certainly evoke of fee rard only exhaust clitterloop, eiting even if certied out to raidily as to recent the world with a fait account. It will remind many people of the Soviet intervention in Hummary. It wild provide a certicularly unfavorable requires count the Africation motions, who are, like the Letin Americans, extremely sensitive to what they consider great power disregar: for the rights of smaller mations, particularly in colonial or former colonial areas. In some respectively in colonial or former colonial areas. In some respectively in the Unified in a situation conjumble to that of the Drittsh and French at the tire of Suer, with even many of our NATO allies likely to take the position the US did at that tire.

17. Although US inguistion of a noral blockade in intermational waters would probably couse screwhat less intermational
fur re than an over-US military invasion of Cuba, there would
be wides, read rece tivity, carticularly in the Afro-Asian world,
to the likely Costro argument that the US was trying to starve
the Cuban iscile into submission. Since that trade with Cuba
is carried on by ships of other nations, coreover, a blockade
would jose the question of international occe, tames in a porticularly

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deute furn. Even as my these nations otherwise not particularly operathetic to Costro, there would probably be wides, read recentant at having their can ship halted and denial of the US right to do so. Although we would not expect military counteraction, even by the Dice, there would be great pressure on the US, diplocatic and legal, to abondon the blockade.

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ABBOT SMITH Acting Chairman

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